

**Муниципальный этап всероссийской олимпиады школьников
по английскому языку
2021–2022 учебный год
7–8 класс
Письменный тур**

Уважаемый участник олимпиады!

Вам предстоит выполнить письменные задания конкурса понимания устной речи (Listening), конкурса понимания письменной речи (Reading), лексико-грамматического теста (Use of English) и конкурса письменной речи (Writing).

Время выполнения всех заданий письменного тура – 1 час 15 минут (75 минут).

Выполнение заданий целесообразно организовать следующим образом:

- внимательно прочитайте формулировку задания;
- выберите и укажите правильный вариант ответа;
- после выполнения всех заданий ещё раз удостоверьтесь в правильности выбранных ответов;
- перенесите ответы в листы ответов.

Если потребуется корректировка выбранного варианта ответа в листах ответа, зачеркните неправильный вариант ответа и рядом укажите другой вариант ответа. Исправления должны быть чёткими и однозначными.

Обратите внимание, что:

- тексты заданий можно использовать в качестве черновика;
- листы ответов заполняются только чёрными гелевыми или капиллярными ручками;
- проверке подлежат только листы ответов.

Задания письменного тура считаются выполненными, если Вы вовремя сдаёте работу членам жюри.

Максимальная оценка за письменный тур – 55 баллов.

LISTENING (15 minutes)

You will hear an interview about time management. Listen to the interview and do TASKS 1 and 2. You will hear the recording two times.

TASK 1

Complete the description of the time management technique with the words below. Use one word in each gap. There are some words that you will not need. There is an example at the beginning.

The technique is B to help people work effectively and avoid **1** ___ time.

It helps you to get the maximum **2** ___ in the time you have.

First you have to break down each **3** ___ into steps.

Then you use a **4** ___ to organise your time into intensive work and **5** ___ .

You write a list of things you need to do, set the device to twenty-five minutes and start working on the first **6** ___ on your list.

When the alarm goes off, you stop work for **7** ___ minutes.

Repeat these steps four or five times, **8** ___ the items off your list as you finish them.

After several short periods of rest you can take a longer break.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| A task | D wasting | G a few | J fifteen |
| B <i>designed</i> | E crossed | H timer | K outcome |
| C breaks | F item | I planning | L tick |

TASK 2

Decide if these statements are true (T), false (F), or the information is not stated (NS). There is an example at the beginning.

- | | | |
|-----------|---|----------|
| | This time management technique was invented by an Italian in the 1980s. | T |
| 9 | Peter's mother recommended the technique to him. | |
| 10 | The technique helps Peter to get the best marks at school. | |
| 11 | Students and workers can use the technique. | |
| 12 | According to Peter, the technique is quite complicated to use. | |
| 13 | Periods of intensive work last twenty-five minutes and are called 'pomodoro'. | |
| 14 | At the end of each period Peter does some physical exercise. | |
| 15 | Peter thinks that using the timer on your mobile phone is as convenient as using a kitchen timer. | |

TRANSFER YOUR ANSWERS TO THE ANSWER SHEET

READING (15 minutes)

TASK 3

Read the following article. Choose A, B, or C to complete the sentences. There is an example at the beginning.

More young people than ever want to start their own business. The good news is: it is getting easier. Here is how.

With Europe suffering the effects of a global economic crisis, the unemployment rate is rising. The job market is becoming more competitive, and young people with little work experience are suffering more than most, as they have to compete with older, more skilled workers. One unexpected result of this environment is a dramatic rise in the number of young people saying that they want to start their own business. According to a recent survey, 40% of young people between the ages of 18 and 21 said that they hoped to have their own business one day.

This may sound like a fantasy. Of course, many young people would like to be the next Mark Zuckerberg, the co-founder of Facebook. However, a surprising number of these teenagers are serious about their ambitions. Instead of watching TV or surfing the net in their free time, these teenagers are pushing themselves hard and working to achieve their dreams. They see fewer traditional opportunities open to them, and believe that it is better to create their own. And although in the past this was seen as a high-risk strategy, young people now have no expectation of job security in working for someone else – so they may as well work for themselves.

One researcher in this area claims that young people have an advantage: they simply do not know what they can and cannot achieve. This means they have no fear of failure. He then went on to suggest that young people might lack the experience or the money to start a business initially, but the younger they start their careers, the more knowledge they will gain over time. These teenagers will learn from their early mistakes and use their innovative and creative ideas to their advantage. Young people spend a lot of time observing and are highly sociable – their wide circle of friends and ability to work hard to maintain their relationships will help them succeed.

As technology becomes better, the resources available to young people wishing to start a business will expand. It has become far easier to set up a new company using the internet to reach customers. Young people are already used to social networking online and they see opportunities in the new medium. Setting up a business online can be less expensive than setting up a traditional business. With the internet as your shop front, there are fewer start-up costs and the losses associated with a failure are smaller.

Teenagers who have grown up with computers, technology and hi-tech gadgets, and of course the internet, have valuable knowledge that can be used to create innovative services. The great thing about computer and internet skills, unlike medical or legal skills, is that anyone can learn them from reading a book, as opposed to paying for an expensive education. What's more, young people are one step ahead of traditional businesses when it comes to knowing what young people want and need. And with so much talent around the world, there are also opportunities in outsourcing work to other young people or older professionals.

Times are difficult for business but there are opportunities for those with the right attitude. Those who work hard, do their research, take responsibility and learn from mistakes can still succeed. Opportunities are there to be used!

In European countries the number of people without a job is A .

- A growing
- B the highest in the world
- C not changing

- 16** The economic crisis has inspired teenagers to ____ .
A start looking for a job earlier
B study harder at school
C become their own bosses
- 17** For many young people owning a business is ____ .
A a serious ambition
B a fantasy
C a high-risk decision
- 18** Young people see few opportunities in the job market now because ____ .
A traditional jobs are not well-paid
B more experienced workers are likely to get a job
C they do not want to work for older people
- 19** When starting a business young people often ____ .
A fail because of their lack of initial capital
B feel more confident in their abilities
C give up if they do not make quick progress
- 20** It is a good idea to start a career early because ____ .
A you will become more experienced
B your parents will help you
C you have a wide circle of friends
- 21** Today it is easier than before to ____ .
A set up a business using the internet
B attract rich customers
C find a business partner
- 22** Young people's backgrounds have helped them to ____ .
A understand the youth market
B use banking services better
C cope with the business world
- 23** People interested in setting up businesses should ____ .
A have the right contacts
B be careful
C research widely
- 24** Anyone can ____ .
A learn computer skills
B succeed in business
C have an expensive education
- 25** Success in the future will depend on ____ .
A your school achievements
B your attitude
C the circle of friends you have

TRANSFER YOUR ANSWERS TO THE ANSWER SHEET

USE OF ENGLISH (15 minutes)

TASK 4

Read the text below and think of one word which best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning.

My class and I visited the British Museum in London and I was thrilled. The British Museum is the first national public museum in the world. It first opened to the public on 15th January, 1759. It has a huge collection of objects from **26** _____ over the world. The guide told us that the reason the collection grew so quickly **27** _____ that Britain controlled many countries worldwide in the 18th and 19th centuries. As it is such a large museum, you really need a guidebook **28** _____ order to find where everything is in the museum. Then, you can plan what you really want to see. It's easy to run **29** _____ of time while you are looking around and, to be honest, it is nearly impossible to **30** _____ everything in the museum in one day. In fact, we only saw half of it.

TASK 5

Read the text below. Choose A, B, C, or D to complete the sentences. There is an example at the beginning.

Edinburgh, the capital of Scotland, is known as *The Athens of the North*. It may not have the great climate of Greece, but it has its D in its architecture. The New Town, which started to be built in the 1760s, has many important buildings, **31** ___ by classical architecture. Today, this area of Edinburgh is full of galleries, cafés, restaurants, and shops and is very **32** ___ with hundreds of tourists that visit the city all year round.

Probably the most famous building is Edinburgh Castle. Parts of the castle date back as far as the 11th century. Back then, the city was completely different to the busy tourist **33** ___ of today. It was a dark foggy city because of all the fires which were burning. Add to that the **34** ___ of waste from the human population, and it is not surprising that it was extremely smelly.

Luckily, today Edinburgh is known for better things. Probably one of the most important **35** ___ is the Fringe Festival which takes place every summer and fills the city with performers and tourists from all over the world.

- | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------------|
| | A affect | B image | C result | D influence |
| 31 | A inspired | B copied | C built | D destroyed |
| 32 | A well-known | B popular | C famous | D accepted |
| 33 | A site | B sight | C building | D attraction |
| 34 | A total | B amount | C sum | D number |
| 35 | A events | B activities | C venues | D actions |

TASK 6

Put the letters in the correct order to form the names of capital cities of five English-speaking countries. Then match the capital cities and their descriptions. There is an example at the beginning.

- | | | | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|-------|
| | NDOLNO | London – C | 39 | CARNRABE | _____ |
| 36 | AWOTAT | _____ | 40 | BNIULD | _____ |
| 37 | NWTELILGNO | _____ | | | |
| 38 | SWAIGHTNON | _____ | | | |

A The city was founded in the 18th century on the northern shore of the Potomac River. The country's first president carefully chose the location himself, and the city was named for him. It is the seat of the government and several international organisations, an important world political capital, and one of the most visited cities in the world too.

B It is a UNESCO City of Literature. With four Nobel Prize winners (William Yeats, Samuel Beckett, George Bernard Shaw, and Seamus Heaney), the world's favourite authors (Bram Stoker, Oscar Wilde, James Joyce), a number of well-known universities, half a dozen book festivals, and a prestigious literary prize, it is without doubt the country's contemporary and historical centre for education, arts, and culture.

C Located in the south-east of the country astride the River Thames, the city is among the oldest of the world's great cities with a history spanning nearly two millennia. It is the country's largest metropolis and also its economic, transportation, and cultural centre.

D The city was declared the capital of the country in the 19th century. An important sea port and major commercial centre, it is located in the extreme south of the island, which makes it the world's southernmost capital. It is in a fault zone and has survived several earthquakes. The city's name is a tribute to Arthur Wellesley, the victor of the Battle of Waterloo (1815).

E Surprisingly, this capital city is only the fourth-largest city in the country. Its climate is humid continental, with four distinct seasons. Summers are warm and humid, the average July temperature is +26.6 °C. Winters are cold and snowy, the average January temperature is -14.4 °C. Spring and fall are variable, with extremes in temperature and unpredictable weather changes.

F Following a long dispute over whether one or the other of the two biggest cities in the country should be the national capital, a compromise was reached: the new capital would be built. This is how the country's capital city was founded and formally named in 1913, and it is an entirely planned city.

TRANSFER YOUR ANSWERS TO THE ANSWER SHEET

WRITING (30 minutes)

TASK 7

You see this notice on an international English website for young people. Write an article for the website (140-180 words).

Follow this plan:

- say if you use your smartphone for learning and how often you use it
- name your favourite app for learning and some of its features (2 or more)
- explain why you like the app (give 2 or more reasons)

Articles wanted!

Best app for learning

Tell us if you use your smartphone for learning and how often you use it. What is your favourite app for learning? Why do you like it?

Do not forget to include an opening and closing comment.

WRITE YOUR ARTICLE ON THE ANSWER SHEET